

Youth Justice Service

Health and Wellbeing Needs Assessment



43





Purpose

- NICE defines a Health Needs Assessment as: *"a systematic method for reviewing the health issues facing a population, leading to agreed priorities and resource allocation that will improve health and reduce inequalities"*
- This health and wellbeing needs assessment was undertaken to understand the health needs of young people in contact with Leicestershire Youth Justice Service to inform future service provision

Methods

- Audit of AssetPlus assessments for young people with a programme start date during 2022 (n = 120)
- Health and wellbeing survey completed by young people (n = 30)
- Youth Justice Staff survey (n = 24)



Home and Family Life

77% of young people had experienced parental **divorce/separation** 19% of young people did not live with either birth parent

Concerns about **suitability of accommodation** recorded in **39%** of cases **Instability** a concern in over half of these cases

Concerns about **care provision** recorded in **48%** of cases **Parental/carer mental health** a concern in **40%** of these cases

Concerns of a risk to a **young person's safety** in **51%** of cases Witnessing domestic violence recorded in over half of these cases (underestimated - likely >50%) eicestershire

56% of young people were currently (13%) or previously (43%) identified as a child in need

57% of females (57%) were identified as being at risk of sexual exploitation





Concerns the young person was putting their **health at risk** were recorded in **40%** of cases **Substance misuse** (**59%** of cases with concerns) and **risk-taking behaviour** (**47%** of cases with concerns)

Substance misuse recorded in 68% of cases						
Cannabis:	60%					
Alcohol:	31%	(~2/3 AUDIT score 3+)	6			
Tobacco:	18%					

Leicestershire County Counci

Referral to Turning Point recorded in 6% of cases A further 11% declined support

Substance misuse as a form a **self-medication** recorded in **32%** of cases





Speech, Language, Communication and Neuro-disability

lentified through screening	
m Disorders) 71%	
56%	
50%	47
51%	
48%	
feelings of others? 50%	
/only follow part of them? 46%	
communication skills 43%	
	56% 50% 51% 48% feelings of others? 50% /only follow part of them? 46%



Special Educational Needs

Š

292

÷

(C)

Ĩ.

38% of young people had a Special Educational Need identified (prevalence likely underestimated)						
Behaviour, Emotional and Social Difficulty (BESD)	18%					
Autistic Spectrum Disorder (ASD) (including Asperger's)	16%	[? 31%]				
Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD)	8%	[? 60%]				
Reading and/or writing difficulties (including Dyslexia)	6%	[? 10%]	48			
Moderate, Severe or Specific Learning Difficulty (MLD/SLD/SpLD)	5%					
Speech, Language and Communication Needs (SLCN)	4%					
80% of those with SEN had an EHCP, Statement of SEN, or LDA:						
Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP)						
Statement of SEN	11%					
Learning Difficulty Assessment (LDA)	7%					

Public Health in Leicestershire





ò

Mental Health

Mental Health screening identified at least one concern in 83% of young people

23% of young people had a formal diagnosis of a mental health condition

48% had concerns about mental health expressed by a professional or family member

45% had longstanding symptoms of overactivity, inattention, or impulsivity

31% had a history of self-harm17% had previously attempted suicide





Education

25% of young people were not in education, employment, or training

~50% of young people had literacy and numeracy levels below age-related expectations

But, numeracy and literacy levels were not recorded in 25% of cases

30% of young people were considered to have unidentified/undiagnosed needs or difficulties



Young People's Survey

54% rated their physical and emotional health as good or very good16% rated their emotional health as bad or very bad (3% for physical health)

53% consumed alcohol (most did so less than once a week)

67% vaped at least 3 times a week (57% every day)	\rightarrow	20% wanted to quit
37% were current smokers	\rightarrow	45% wanted to quit

 \rightarrow

80% were current or previous drug users

40% used every day; 18% were concerned

63% were sexually active; 23% always used a condom or other contraceptive

70% reported experiencing the death or someone close to them (23% recorded via AssetPlus)

63% reported problems sleeping

Public Health in Leicestershire

This page is intentionally left blank